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Dear Councillor

COMMUNITY, HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE - MONDAY, 4TH DECEMBER, 2017

I am now able to enclose, for consideration at next Monday, 4th December, 2017 meeting of the Community, Health and Housing Committee, the following reports that were unavailable when the agenda was printed.

Agenda No Item

- 8. Housing Audit (Pages 3 42)
- 15. <u>Brentwood Community Funding Allocation</u> (Pages 43 58)

Yours sincerely

Chief Executive

Encs

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4th December 2017

Community, Health & Housing Committee

Housing Audit Report

Report of: Angela Abbott, Interim Head of Housing

Wards Affected: All

This report is: Public

1. Executive Summary

- 1.1 This report is to inform the Community, Health & Housing Committee of the outcome of the 2016/17 and 2017/18. Audit review for Housing Services as part of the Council's approved Audit plans for 2016/17.
- 1.2 The outcome of the 2016/17 internal audit review was reported to the Audit Committee on the 27th September 2017. As set out within that audit report Officers provided responses to the recommendations and are currently developing an action plan with appropriate priorities and timescales. The action plan will be reported to a future meeting of this committee for monitoring.
- 1.3 The outcome of the 2017/18 internal audit review is due to be reported to the Audit Committee on the 17th January 2018. Officers are currently drafting management responses to this audit report. As above officers will develop an action plan which will be reported to a future meetings of this council for monitoring.

Recommendation (s)

- 2.1. That the Committee receives and notes the contents of Audit report as attached at Appendix A.
- 2.2 That the Committee agree that a further report on progress made on implementing the recommendations is presented to the next Committee.

3. Introduction and Background

3.1 This Audit review was conducted in accordance with the 2017/18 Audit Plan as approved by the Audit & Scrutiny Committee.

4. Issue, Options and Analysis of Options

- 4.1 As part of the ongoing transformation programme, the Housing Service had already identified gaps in service provision particularly around Repairs & Maintenance. An additional Audit review was specifically requested by Housing in order to assist and support in identifying gaps or service failures and to provide recommendations for improvement. These areas, primarily centred around contract management, information recording and compliance.
- 4.2 Both Audit reports will enable the Housing Service to concentrate on specific areas highlighted by both Audit reports to implement the essential service improvements as part of the ongoing transformation programme.

5. Reasons for Recommendation

5.1 To monitor the progress of work against the highlighted actions recommended arising from the Audit Report and management actions in response to those recommendations.

6. Consultation

6.1 Not applicable.

7. References to Corporate Plan

7.1 Good financial management, risk management and internal control underpin all priorities within the Corporate Plan.

8. Implications

Financial Implications

Name & Title: Jacqueline Van Mellaerts, Financial Services Manager &

Deputy Section 151 Officer

Tel & Email: 01277 31250/jacqueline.vanmellaerts@brentwood.gov.uk

8.1 There are no direct financial implications within this report.

Legal Implications

Name & Title: Daniel Toohey, Head of Legal Services/Monitoring Officer

Tel & Email: 01277 312860/daniel.toohey@brentwood.gov.uk

8.2 There are no direct legal implications arising from this report.

Other Implications (where significant) – i.e., Health & Safety, Asset Management, Equality and Diversity, Risk Management, Section 17, Crime & Disorder, Sustainability, ICT

- 8.3 None
- 9. **Background Papers**
- 9.1 None
- 10. Appendices to this report
- 10.1 Appendix A Internal Audit Report, May 2017

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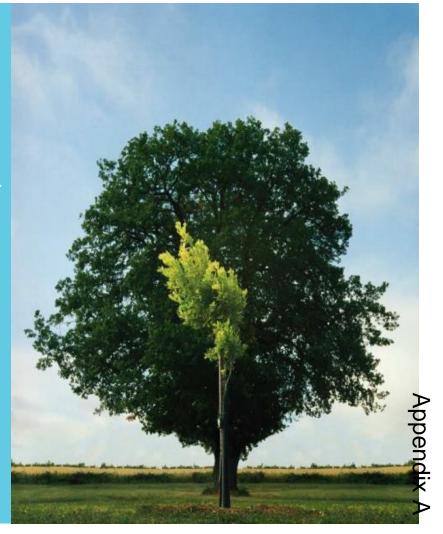


Brentwood Borough Council

INTERNAL AUDIT REPORT

Audit 11. Housing May 2017

LEVEL OF ASSURANCE				
Design	Operational Effectiveness			
Limited	Limited			



Draft



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Auditors: Angela Mitchell Dates work performed: March 2017 to May 2017 Closing Meeting: 6 June 2017 Draft report issued: 8 June 2017 Final report issued:

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Angela Williams	Head of Housing		
Stuart Morris	Interim Housing Manager		

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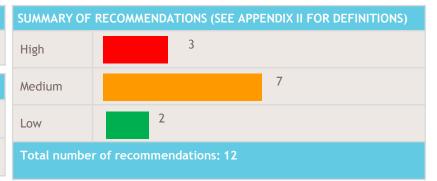
The matters raised in this report are only those which came to our attention during the course of our audit and are not necessarily a comprehensive statement of all the weaknesses that exist or all improvements that might be made. The report has been prepared solely for the management of the organisation and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. BDO LLP neither owes nor accepts any duty to any third party whether in contract or in tort and shall not be liable, in respect of any loss, damage or expense which is caused by their reliance on this report.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BRENTWOOD BOROUGH COUNCIL VISION

Work to ensure our Housing stock is managed so that it delivers comfortable and safe homes for our tenants that are efficient and sustainable

LEVEL OF ASSURANCE (SEE APPENDIX II FOR DEFINITIONS)					
Design	Limited	System of internal controls is weakened with system objectives at risk of not being achieved			
Effectiveness	Limited	Non-compliance with key procedures and controls			



OVERVIEW

Background:

Council Housing stock, as at the 31 March 2016, was: 1,159 flats, 1,320 houses and bungalows, and 7 equity share properties, and the Council has recognised an increasing demand for social housing. In 2015/16 the Council spent £5.3m on Housing of which £2.9m was expenditure on repairs and maintenance.

Our review considered the adequacy of arrangements relating to Housing stock (due diligence checks and fraud prevention, debt recovery and compliance checks), Right to Buy (governance, checks on qualifying criteria, valuations and tenant advice) Housing maintenance contractual arrangements and Leaseholder Service Charge accounts (apportionment and billing).

$oldsymbol{\Phi}_{ ext{From our review, we noted the following areas of good practice:}}$

- Pre-tenancy, home seeker and transfer applicant checklists are used to ensure required due diligence checks are made on applicants, and photographs of applicants are obtained as part of the application process and retained with the tenant files
- · There is a fraud referral process, with online forms being directed to the Council's Fraud Officer
- The Housing Team maintain oversight of current tenant arrears, and have made adjustments expected to improve recovery.

However, we also noted the following areas of improvement:

- Fraud risk awareness varied amongst staff. Staff did not make best use of the information available to them to detect potential fraud and the copying of documents provided by tenants was not made with consideration of fraud risks (Finding 1 High)
- Although Compliance checks were undertaken by the contractor providing remedial works, the Council has not had access to Compliance certificates for the majority of its housing stock. There were no protocols for ensuring the contractor ceased to provide checks on sold properties, or that these checks were recharged for leaseholder properties, and some compliance checks were reported to have not been carried out at all, or performed less frequently than required (Finding 2 High)
- Contract management has not been effective through the life of the Housing Contracts, and contractors have not complied with key requirements (Finding 3 High)
- Tenancy checks and audits are not regularly undertaken on all tenants (Finding 4 Medium)
- Former tenant arrears are not subject to current recovery action, and management information for arrears and aged debts could be improved (Finding 5 Medium)

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (Continued)

OVERVIEW

Continued:

(Areas of improvement):

- There were inconsistencies in records of Right to Buy applications (between a spreadsheet record and the Housing Management system) (Finding 6 Medium)
- Evidence of appropriate checks on Right to Buy applications did not exist for all applications (Finding 7 Medium)
- Valuations for Right to Buy sales do not include identity checks on tenants (Finding 8 Medium)
- Tenancy agreements could not be located for some tenancies, there were discrepancies in the upload of information on charging for leaseholder properties and records did not enable reconciliation of total service charges and allocation of those charges (Finding 9 Medium)
- Records are not maintained of details of surveys and inspections carried out to review contractor inspection reports and work requirements, or of tests conducted by Council staff and there is no system for ensuring queries are resolved (Finding 10 Medium)

Conclusion

We have issued 3 High, and 8 Medium priority findings, and have issued an opinion of Limited for both the design and the effectiveness of the Housing systems, reflecting that whilst there are some areas of good practice, there were also areas of weakness and opportunities for improvement to be developed, such as fraud prevention and detection (in various areas), contract management, arrears recovery, leasehold charges and records of inspections and surveys.

RISK: Front line staff are not trained to identify fake or forged documents, or fraud warning signs, or they do not refer potential fraud for investigation

investi	gation		
Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
1. Page 11	 We consulted front line staff to identify fraud awareness and detection procedures and reviewed the related processes. We identified the following: Not all Housing Officers had received fraud awareness training and whilst officers were aware of some Housing fraud risks and indicators, this understanding was not consistent across all potential Housing frauds Whilst some in tenancy checks are made on tenants, there are no consistent arrangements for in tenancy checks on secure tenants, the only opportunity is at the annual gas service (see also page 6) Whilst tenant photographs are held on files, the requirements of the contractors appointed to undertake annual checks (gas and servicing) do not include fraud tenancy checks and the occupants are not subject to verification against photographs. Some responsive in-tenancy checks are made, although staff do not consistently check against photographs and photographs are not held for all tenants Whilst staff are aware of the need to report fraud to the Fraud Officer, Housing staff advised the Fraud Officer instructed Housing staff to make initial investigations. Staff advised they undertake some investigations themselves and have occasionally sought to observe properties and tenants as part of their investigations. The Council's Fraud officer is trained in investigation protocols which maximise the likelihood of successful outcomes through proper treatment of suspects and retention of evidence Housing staff advise that identity documents provided by tenants or applicants are copied by Reception desk staff. The Reception staff advised that they copy documents but do not verify them, and that tenants regularly bring in photocopies of their documents which are accepted without question. There is a high risk of tenancy fraud. Guidance has been published on measures to detect and prevent such fraud. A summary of the key risks and measures, learning from others and fraud identification is included in Appendices I	High	 a) Training is provided to relevant staff on Housing Fraud risk identification b) Protocols for in-tenancy audit checks on tenants are determined, to include secure tenants c) Photographs are obtained to identify all tenants d) Consideration is given to using photographs held for periodic verification of all tenants. This may require consideration of the scope of contracts and data sharing protocols (see also page 19 regarding Fair Processing Notices) e) The Housing Team and Fraud officer agree protocols for investigation which ensure potential fraud investigations are overseen by a suitably trained person f) Housing staff are reminded of the requirements of the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act in relation to surveillance and investigation activity g) Protocols for checking and copying identity documents are established.
MANAC	GEMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
See ne	xt page 5		Responsible Officers: Nicola Marsh, Stuart Morris Implementation Date: December 2017

Management Response

- (a) Mandatory Fraud Identification risk training on the 26th September has been arranged for all Housing Staff and will be circulated to other front-line officers, such as the Contact Centre staff and the Council's Fraud Officer.
- (b) A Housing Audit working group has been created to consider options to implement to a tenancy audit protocol
- (c) Currently, photographs are obtained of all applicants that apply for the Housing and transfer registers & tenants, tenants that apply for mutual exchanges and apply for any other type of amendment to their existing tenancy. The Housing Audit working group will consider options to widen this to include within any regular tenancy audit.
- (d) As B & C
- (e) Mandatory Preventing and Detecting Housing Fraud training on the 19th September has been arranged for all Housing Staff and will be circulated to other front-line Officers, such as the Contact Centre staff and the Council's Fraud Officer.
- (f) Staff that are required to undertake investigations as part of their duties have been advised of activities that fall within RIPA and that the Council's Fraud Officer would only have the powers to undertake them. Staff are advised to request management authorisation in advance and refer to the Council's Fraud Officer. This includes the use of electronic data sources.
 - The implementation of a protocol around the checking of documentation will be agreed by the Housing Audit working group following both planned training session.

RISK: Health and safety checks, such as gas compliance, electrical safety and fire safety, are not carried out as required, or evidence of checks is not maintained

	ot maintained					
Re	ef.	Finding	Sig.	Red	commendation	
2.		There are no written procedures identifying protocols for compliance checks.	High	a)	Written procedures are prepared to define protocols and procedures for Compliance	
		Compliance checks are undertaken by an appointed contractor. We noted the following relating to the arrangements for Compliance checks:		b)	checks	
				D)	and electrical checks are reviewed to establish	
		 Gas and electrical checks are made by the same contractor appointed to carry out the gas and electrical remedial works. Although this arrangement 			independence between provision of checks and remedial works	
		facilitates prompt quoting for remedial works by the contractor, it also leads to a risk that remedial work requirements are exaggerated		c)	In the absence of direct access to contractor systems by the Council, Contractors are	
_		 The contract requires suppliers to maintain portal interfaces with the Council which enable the Council to access information and certificates. 			required to provide copies of all current gas and electrical safety certificates	
Page 13		However these links have not been provided and consequently the Council does not hold the majority of certificates for either gas or electrical checks		d)	Effective contract management is undertaken to ensure the contractors provide interfaces	
<u> </u>		on properties. (The Compliance Manager does review records of dates of checks as notified by the contractors, and advised he has been provided			enabling Council access to systems and certificates as required by the contract (see	
ယ		with just 88 certificates relating to 2578 properties)		_ \	also page 8)	
		The Compliance Manager maintains records of Compliance checks on a spreadsheet rather than on the Housing management system. We		e)	The housing management system is used for recording information relating to Compliance	
		understand that the Housing Management system does have the facility to hold such records (although the Compliance Manager advised he has not		f)	checks Training is provided as required to ensure	
		received training on this) The Compliance Manager maintains a spreadsheet record of pending and			officers are able to maximise use of the Housing management system	
		overdue Compliance checks. He considered that future contracts should require the contractor to notify the Council of any pending or overdue		g)	Consideration is given to the inclusion of requirements for contractor provision of	
		Compliance checks			exception reporting on pending and overdue Compliance checks in future contracts	
		to Buy process, the contractor had continued to perform Compliance		h)	The Council determines arrangements for	
		checks. We understand there is no systematic process for notifying the contractor of sold properties to be removed from the checklist, or ensuring			notifying the contractor of any sold properties for which Compliance checks are no longer the	
		that leaseholders are recharged for checks made			Council's responsibility and for charging leaseholders where the Council retains any	
		Continued:			residual responsibility for these checks	

Management Response

We had already identified that there likely were a number of long-standing service issues within the repairs service, which included a lack of contract management, written policies/procedures which had only recently come to light following staffing changes within the repairs service.

We have been proactively addressing these issues in advance off this Audit report. We are in the process of agreeing a managed service provision with Basildon Borough Council.

In addition, Basildon have provided us with a Project Manager on a secondment basis to review the areas of deficiency within the Service and provide recommendations for improvement together with responsibility for the overall for all operational management on a day to day basis.

Changes have been made to the repairs team, which has resulted in the replacement of the compliancy manager with a Contracts Administrator, who has a significant experience of working in Local Authorities and managing Contractors.

We have also begun the re-procurement process for the existing Wates/Oakray contract which are due to expire in 2019.

We have also begun the re-procurement process for the extended of the second of the extended of the second of the second of the extended of the second of th

Implementation date: April 2018

RISK: Health and safety checks, such as gas compliance, electrical safety and fire safety, are not carried out as required, or evidence of checks is not maintained

not mai	intained		
Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
2. Cont.	 Continued) The Compliance Manager advised that fire safety checks should be completed on blocks every year, although his spreadsheet identifies that checks are only required every 2-3 years for some blocks. We understand that the frequency of checks should be determined through a risk assessment of the blocks Asbestos registers should be retained for each property. We tested a sample of 10 properties for evidence of asbestos checks and for these there were no checks recorded for 8 properties and only a partial check for 1 property (Therefore only 1 of the 10 properties tested had evidence of a full asbestos check) The Compliance Manager advised that water risk assessments should be made for every communal tank and block. He stated he was satisfied that checks were made for sheltered accommodation and believed that records were retained in the sheltered schemes. However the Council should clarify the extent of such checks and the storage of records and the requirements for all housing types. If compliance risks are not adequately managed there is a risk that a breach will occur and that the Council will be financially liable for this. 	High	 i) Risk assessments are carried out and recorded to ensure fire safety checks on blocks are scheduled at appropriate intervals j) Asbestos checks are carried out on all properties and records retained of the checks k) The Council ensures that water risk assessments are carried out as required and that records are maintained of these checks for all housing types.
MANAG	GEMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
out to i prograr propert an asbe assessm We are	assessments have been carried out on all high rise accommodation which is being include all flatted accommodation. We are in the process of agreeing a rolling mme for risk assessments. (j) Currently, asbestos surveys are carried out on void ties only, we are currently reviewing our existing processes to ensure that we can destos register by implementing the Asset management system (keystone). (k) Water nents are currently carried out on sheltered housing as part of the main Oakray Control reviewing our existing processes to enable this to be held centrally via the Asset ement System	create er risk	Responsible Officers: Nicola Marsh, Rob Burton Implementation Date: April 2018

RISK: The Housing Stock Condition Survey specification does not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for identifying and reporting stock condition, housing maintenance contracts do not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for agreement of planned and reactive maintenance work to be carried out

Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
3.	The Council's arrangements to manage the Housing Contracts has changed since the commencement of the contracts that we reviewed. The current contract manager arrived after the commencement of the contracts and the handover information about contract management activity provided to him was limited.	High	a) Methods used to ensure contractor compliance with contract performance requirements, including completion and submission of information, should be strengthened. Such arrangements should also include penalty clauses for non-compliance
	Our review of the Stock Condition Survey specification confirmed the scope and arrangements were defined, however contract management has not been robust, and whilst performance requirements were defined, there were no penalty clauses for non-compliance. We understand previous Council employees held meetings with the contractor but these were not minuted (later meetings have been so), and that where changes have occurred to		b) Effective, robust contract management arrangements are determined for Housing contracts, to include: • Retention of documentation of contract management activity
	contract provision (such as delayed performance), these have not been formally resolved or approved via Variation Orders. The contractor delayed performance of the checks required and provision of evidence of the checks, and at the time of our review had not provided photographs to evidence the checks made in accordance with contractual requirements. The photographic evidence was a significant part of the		 Contractor performance and provision of performance information in accordance with the contract, including records of agreed action to resolve performance issues
	requirements and their absence or late supply reduced the opportunity for the Council to verify the stock position and would require resources by the Council to reference them to properties. In addition, the contractor was required to perform quality checks of 5% of fieldwork data, but no evidence of these checks was provided.		 Contractor provision of IT interfaces and other contractual requirements in accordance with the contract Where changes in contract provision are
	The contractor was required to provide photographic evidence of (amongst other things) any deviation in the information provided by the Council. However the Council provided the contractor with 'cleansed data' which		agreed by the Council, these are formally approved via the issue of Variation Orders • Submission to the housing team of
	removed the ability for the Council to enforce this requirement. We were advised that due to the way the data was provided to the contractor the Commercial Manager would now need to look for differences between the original Council data and the Contractor provided data.		evidence of checks where they are required to be made by the contractor
	Continued:		Continued:

RISK: The Housing Stock Condition Survey specification does not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for identifying and reporting stock condition, housing maintenance contracts do not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for agreement of planned and reactive maintenance work to be carried out

Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
3. Cont.	Continued: We understand that payments have been based on the number of surveys undertaken by the contractor, however the required photographs were not supplied with the surveys (see above), and therefore payments may not have been a true reflection of the value of work carried out. The contractor has not been requested to provide statements of compliance with key contract requirements. The current contract manager considers that whilst existence of the term in the contract provides adequate potential for enforcing the requirements, this should have been dealt with at the precontract meeting and that there is little benefit to be gained from pursuing these now. We consider that where the contract requires the contractor to do something, then this should still be pursued by the Council. In addition, Housing staff have identified concerns regarding the Housing contracts, including: • Contractors have not provided the information required by contracts and have not developed fully functioning interfaces to link the contractor and Council systems as required by the contracts. This restricts Council access to information on works, documents and certificates and results in the need for duplication of input by the Council. Whilst the interface is a contractual requirement, contract performance or default measures do not reflect on this element of the service provision and contract management has been inconsistent during the life of the contract • One contract makes provision for basket rates to be used for works, with any additional work to be charged according to schedule. We understand the contractor generally prices works according to schedule (which results in higher overall charges)	High	 b) Continued: Requirements for the contractor to provide evidence of compliance with key contract requirements Contract pricing protocols applied c) Payments to contractors should reflect the extent of provision of service against the agreed contract terms d) Benchmarking of rates and uplifts is undertaken and where appropriate consideration is given to contract options (including negotiation or termination).

RISK: The Housing Stock Condition Survey specification does not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for identifying and reporting stock condition, housing maintenance contracts do not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for agreement of planned and reactive maintenance work to be carried out

reactive maintenance work to be carried out			forms and arrangements for agreement of planned and	
	Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
	3.	Continued:	High	
	Cont.	 The rates provided by contracts are complex and include significant price uplifts and a high annual price uplift. 		
		If contracts are not managed adequately there is a risk of financial loss and inadequate service provision.		
rage	J -	(See also pages 18 relating to Electrical surveys).		
ō	MANAGEMENT RESPONSE See next page		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE	
				Responsible Officers: Rob Burton, Nicola Marsh
				Implementation Date: Ongoing - April 18

Management Response

We had already identified that there likely were a number of long-standing service issues within the repairs service, which included a lack of contract management, written policies/procedures which had only recently come to light following staffing changes within the repairs service.

We have been proactively addressing these issues in advance off this Audit report. We are in the process of agreeing a managed service provision with Basildon Borough Council.

In addition, Basildon have provided us with a Project Manager on a secondment basis to review the areas of deficiency within the Service and provide recommendations for immediate improvement together with responsibility for the overall for all operational management on a day to day basis.

Changes have been made to the repairs team, which has resulted in the replacement of the compliancy manager with a Contracts Administrator, who has a significant experience of working in Local Authorities and managing Contractors.

We have also begun the re-procurement process for the existing Wates/Oakray contract which are due to expire in 2019, which will address all of the recommendations.

RISK: Due diligence checks are not made on tenants prior to the commencement of the tenancy, and Due diligence checks are not undertaken periodically during the tenancy, including tenancy audits

	periodic	cally during the tenancy, including tenancy audits		
	Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
	4. The Housing Team have prepared checklists to ensure due diligence made prior to commencement of tenancies. Staff record outcomes of made and identify the support needed by the tenant to enable them maintain their tenancies. New tenants are visited at 6 weeks, 6 mon months into their tenancy.		Med	a) Pre-tenancy and in-tenancy check policies are established which include protocols to address tenancy fraud risks (covering application, subletting, succession, key selling, right to buy and right to acquire fraud), and which ensure
		For existing tenants, opportunities for in-tenancy checks arise when Housing staff respond to service requests, complaints, arrears recovery and at the		compliance with Data Protection Act requirements
t]	annual gas servicing. There are no tenancy audits or checks regularly undertaken on all tenants.		b) Policies are communicated to staff, tenants and any delivery partners.
Page 20)	In addition, whilst the Council does hold photographs of tenants, these are not available to the Contractor undertaking the annual gas servicing and tenancy checks are not required by the contract, therefore there is a missed opportunity to ensure only approved tenants are resident in Council social housing.		
		(See also page 4)		
	MANAGEMENT RESPONSE			RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
	(a) Pre-tenancy checks are already in place and has recently been revised to include addi I.D checks. These new protocols have also been incorporated into other tenancy areas. (Existing policies & procedures have been re-drafted and circulated to all staff			Responsible Officers: Angela Abbott, Nicola Marsh
				Implementation Date: July 2017

RISK: debt collection and recovery procedures are inadequate to ensure that delays in receipt of rent payments and loss of income is minimised **Finding** Ref. Recommendation Sig. 5. The Housing Management system enables progression of recovery of current a) Arrears reporting is developed to include the tenant arrears through recommended actions, in accordance with age of debts, the cases at each key stage of predetermined criteria and procedures, using pro-forma letters to tenants to additional recovery and management prompt payment. Regular monitoring of current tenant arrears is undertaken. information is provided accordingly The Housing team consider current tenant arrears to be at a reasonable level b) Management determine recovery protocols (to (at 2.21% of rent due at 27 March 2017). recover or write off former tenant arrears). This decision should be supported by additional Current tenant arrears are analysed geographically by patch and areas within patches, and also by debt type (for example current tenant arrears, temporary management information on age of debts and accommodation, etc) and KPI data is maintained including for rent collected action already taken and consideration could and rent arrears. The arrears records do not provide a breakdown of the age also be given to checks against Council tax of debts, or the cases at different key stages of recovery. records or credit checks to enable tracing of former tenants. The recovery of former tenant arrears has not been subject to recent efforts to recover outstanding debts. A former arrangement with a debt collection c) The impact of delays in processing benefit Page 21 agency did not result in any significant reduction in former tenant arrears and claims and changes in circumstances is there is not currently any cross check to Council Taxpayer records which may identified and where appropriate raised with provide information to support recovery. The Housing Team advised current the service provider resources are not sufficient to enable recovery from former tenants, and provided the following arrears summary for former tenant arrears: Former Tenant Arrears: Main Account (245 accounts) £143,720.58 Court costs (63 accounts) £ 19.344.24 Bankruptcy (10 accounts) £ 15,756.47 Non Secure Former Tenants (172 accounts) £ 65,464.71 Garage arrears (129 accounts) £ 9,999.80 (The age of these arrears is not identified in current reports). We understand that delays in the processing of benefit claims and changes in circumstances have impacted on recovery of tenant arrears MANAGEMENT RESPONSE RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE (a) (b) We are currently recruiting for a full time debt recovery officer who will have Responsible Officers: Nicola Marsh responsibility for developing and implementing processes around former tenant debts.

Implementation Date: October 2017

RISK: Governance arrangements, including authorisation routes and clarity of procedures and processes for dealing with Right to Buy applications, are inadequate

ar	e inad	lequate		
R	ef.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
6	•	Right to Buy records are held on the Housing Management system and also on a spreadsheet, however the information recorded on the spreadsheet is unreliable, as our review of the spreadsheet identified:	Med	 Right to Buy Information is input to and managed via the Housing Management system, removing the need for duplication of input to a
		• gaps in the sequences of Right to Buy application references		spreadsheet
		 differences between references recorded on the spreadsheet and the Housing Management System 		 Access permissions to the Housing Management system are reviewed to enable appropriate staff to identify the status of applications.
		• that information on the spreadsheet was incomplete and not up to date.		,
Page 22		We understand that some of the spreadsheet information is duplicated on the Housing Management system, but that the Housing Management system is capable of recording all required information. The spreadsheet is maintained to enable Housing staff to view the status of applications. Having the access to information on status of Right to Buy applications would be better provided through the Housing Management system. If this requires a review and update of access permissions, this should be done to enable the right staff to have the access they need, rather than by maintaining duplicate and inconsistent information.		
MA	ANAG	EMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
	a) (b) E eport.	Existing RTB procedures are currently being reviewed in accordance with the audit		Responsible Officers: Nicola Marsh
				Implementation October 2017

RISK: Tenancy audits, including checks on identity, residency and tenancy history / qualifying period, are not carried out on applicants to ensure the applicant qualifies for Right to Buy

the applicant qualifies for Right to Buy			
Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
7. The Officer dealing with Right to Buy applications advised that for applications he receives he initiates checks via the National Anti-Fraud Network (NAFN) and also checks the application against Benefits, Council Tax and Electoral Register records. However the inconsistencies on the spreadsheet records (see page 13) and the inability to locate evidence of some checks suggest that checks may not have been consistently undertaken for previous Right to Buy Applications.		Med	Consideration is given to performing checks on previous Right to Buy applications to verify the applicant's entitlement to the Right to Buy discount. (Any queries arising from these checks should be referred to the Council's Fraud Officer).
	EMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
Checks in process as recommended. All RTB applications are referred to the Council's Fraud Officer when submitted in order to assist in the prevention of fraudulent applications.		ud	Responsible Officers: Angela Abbott, Nicola Marsh
သ			Implementation Date: October 2017

RISK: Property valuations are not carried out by qualified property surveyors, who have an understanding of tenancy fraud risks, prior to the Right to Buy being agreed

to Buy	to Buy being agreed				
Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation		
8. The Council appoints a firm of qualified surveyors to value properties and provide full reports of their valuations prior to a Right To Buy sale being agreed. Prior to this, a contracted Surveyor visits properties to record improvements made by the tenant (which are considered as part of the valuation process).		Med	Update the contract with the contracted surveyor visiting the property to record improvements made by the tenant, so that they undertake initial identity checks as part of this visit and report back their findings to the housing team.		
D	The contracted surveyor does receive tenant photographs with the application, and advised he is aware of safeguarding protocols, but he is less familiar with fraud risks, and the appointed firm of surveyors have no contracted responsibility for identifying and reporting potential fraud. GEMENT RESPONSE				
MANAC	GEMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE		
1	ress, currently in the process of appointing external surveyors to carry out RTB pros.	perty	Responsible Officers: Nicola Marsh		
			Implementation Date: September 2017		

RISK: Tenants are not billed for leaseholder service charges in accordance with approved protocols Ref. **Finding** Recommendation Sig. a) Leaseholder agreement storage is reviewed to 9. Service charges are apportioned across all leasehold properties. For those that have been sold the leaseholder is invoiced and, for those retained by the records including leaseholder Council as housing stock, the service charges are taken into account as part of agreements are retained for all properties the rent charged to tenants. b) Errors in data upload of estimated service For a sample of 12 leaseholder agreements, we compared the agreement to a charges to the Housing Management system are spreadsheet of estimated service charge calculations (maintained by the corrected and tenants reimbursed where Leasehold Management Officer) and to the billing details on the Housing overpayments have occurred Management system. c) Where adjustments are made to leaseholder The leaseholder agreements could not be located for 5 of the sample of 12. service charges, these are identified clearly in all records to ensure transparency and enable Whilst in the majority of cases sampled the amount billed to the leaseholder reconciliation (see (d) below) Page 25 (as identified in the Housing Management system) agreed with the amount determined in the spreadsheet, we did note there were discrepancies in the d) The spreadsheet maintained to determine upload to the Housing Management system where property records referred to apportionment of service charges to be more than one block and/or were duplicated in the spreadsheet (in these cases invoiced to leaseholders is extended to include the leaseholders were charged double for estimated repairs). We also all properties to enable confirmation that reviewed the 2016/17 billed estimated charges for these properties and tenants and leaseholders recharges are equivalent and that recharges equate to actual confirmed the double charging also occurred for 2016/17. Note that at the year end the actual charges are determined and leaseholders either charged or costs, and these reconciliations are performed reimbursed accordingly, therefore the initial error in 2016/17 was rectified at on a regular basis the year end. e) Costs relating to responsive repairs which We understand that following the upload to the Housing Management system, would not be permitted to be recharged to adjustments are made on the Housing Management system to reflect special leaseholders are removed from the calculation arrangements for the apportionment, therefore the spreadsheet totals will determining the total to be apportioned across always differ to the Housing Management system totals. properties f) A policy is maintained to enable determination We note that the spreadsheet maintained to determine leasehold service charges identifies only those blocks with leasehold properties and does not of appropriate management service charges for identify the number of leasehold properties within each of the blocks. As such apportionment it does not enable calculation of the total expected income from leaseholders g) Any adjustments required to service charges (and therefore cannot be reconciled back to the value of invoices raised for should be applied promptly to ensure accuracy leasehold service charges) reducing its value as a control. of records and transparency of charging. Continued:

Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
9.	Continued:		
Cont. Also the above spreadsheet does not include tenanted properties. Including all properties would enable a reconciliation to Finance system records, and enable the Council to be assured that tenants and leaseholders are charged equally (staff acknowledge that at present it was possible they were not charged equally) and would also demonstrate that:			
	Leasehold recharges + Tenant Recharges = actual costs		
	We were advised that the costs of responsive repairs for tenants are included in the calculation of total repairs costs allocated across leaseholder and tenanted properties. This calculation should be reviewed as it may not equate to appropriate apportionment permitted by the leaseholder agreements. We were also advised that at the time of the review, the Leasehold Management officer was aware of an adjustment required to the charges for one block, which he would apply at the year end. Any known adjustments or corrections should be recorded and applied promptly to ensure accuracy and transparency of records and charging.		
We noted that management service charges have been frozen for 2 years as there was no policy on this, but that a policy has now been prepared for consideration by Committee in June 2017.			
MANAG	EMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
Council's intentions to implement a Service Charge Policy. The Policy itself will be going for final Committee approval in September 2017 with a view to action it at the start of the new		Responsible Officers: Nicola Marsh Implementation Date: April 2018	

RISK: N	RISK: Maintenance works are not subject to adequate approval processes to undertake the works, and to sign off completion of the works				
Ref.	Finding Sig.		Recommendation		
Where Electrical Installation Condition Report (EICR) surveys are carried out, the Inspection reports are provided by contractors also commissioned to carry out the remedial work identified, therefore the contractor quotes for all works identified on the EICR. This reflects a potential conflict of interest for the contractor. The contents of the EICR are therefore subject to review by the Compliance Manager and Council staff also conduct surveys of premises before commissioning work. The Compliance Manager advised that previously the Council was commissioning all works identified in the EICR and quote, but his review has now significantly reduced the value of orders placed for remedial work. The Compliance Manager advised that whilst he has significant experience in this field and he informally maintains his knowledge of current developments, he does not hold up to date certificates or qualifications which would enable him to carry out EICR inspections. Therefore the Council should consider this situation, as, if challenged, this could affect the Council's liability in the event that an identified fault led to harm following a decision not to rectify it. The Compliance Manager's records of his own inspections are very limited. He keeps rough notes only and there are some checks he advised he undertakes but does not maintain records of (such as alarm testing). The Compliance Manager also advised that where he raises a query (ie items on an EICR and quote have either not been ordered, or assessed as not required), there is no follow up process to ensure queries are resolved.		Med	 a) The Council reviews the scope of the Compliance Manager role and essential qualifications required to perform this role b) Clear records are maintained of all surveys and inspections carried out, and these are retained in an accessible form (such as on the Housing Management system) c) Where queries are raised for entries made on an EICR, a process is developed to ensure they are followed up (and either the work or alternative work is commissioned, or the item is recorded as determined to be not required). See also Pages 6 & 7 regarding conflicts of interest. 		
MANA	NAGEMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE		
repairs whethe which these a occasio questio a gene and de	C Contracts Administrator of the electrical contractor reviews all requests for day a works exceeding the self-authorisation level of £250, checking costs and considerate to authorise the work. With regards to electrical Inspection Condition reports (Eare undertaken by a qualified engineer. There is currently no programme to under and therefore EICR's are on the main undertaken on void properties and occasionally to occupied dwellings and landlords supplies to blocks. The relevant BBC mappens and challenges all reports and only authorises works that are necessary to procedual rule, Code 1's (danger present) and C2's (potentially dangerous) and works to statection proceed, whilst Code 3's (improvement recommended) are considered for a BBC contracts administrator.	ation on CIR's), take by to nager eed. As moke	Responsible Officers: Rob Burton, Nicola Marsh Implementation Date: April 2018		

RISK: Front line staff are not trained to identify fake or forged documents, or fraud warning signs, or they do not refer potential fraud for

	investigation		
Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
11.	We noted that whilst the Council has fair processing statements on the website and forms relating to the National Fraud Initiative, other Councils and Housing Associations have more detailed statements. Examples are as follows:	Low	Enhance the Fair Processing Notice for matters relevant to the administration of social housing.
	www.reading.gov.uk/media/1575/Housing-Services-Fair-Processing-Notice/pdf		
	www.tvha.co.uk/policy/fair-processing-statement/		
Page	These statements are specific to the administration of social housing and include provision of information to contractors carrying out works to properties, agencies concerned with safeguarding and additional statements on the use of data for prevention and detection of fraud.		
	GEMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
We wi	ll include a fair processing statement for Housing on the website as recommended		Responsible Officers: Angela Abbott, Stuart Morris
			Implementation Date: September 2017

RISK: Governance arrangements, including authorisation routes, and the clarity of procedures and processes for dealing with Right to Buy

	applications are inadequate		
Ref.	Finding	Sig.	Recommendation
12.	The website instructs people wishing to make a Right to Buy application to contact the Council's Housing Team. When contact is made the Officer prints a letter for the applicant and encloses it with all the advisory notices and application form.	Low	Right to buy information and application forms are made available for download via the Council's website. Further efficiency could also be gained through integration between submitted applications
	There is an opportunity to develop self service arrangements and Web forms to improve efficiency and drive customer focussed channel shift.		and the Housing Management system.
MANAG	MANAGEMENT RESPONSE		RESPONSIBILITY AND IMPLEMENTATION DATE
The Right to buy website page will be updated to include more information for tenants to include FAQ's. We will review our processes to include a link for tenants to apply on-line rat than tenants having to submit a paper copy.		rather	Responsible Officers: Angela Abbott, Nicola Marsh
ŏ			Implementation Date: November 2017

OBSERVATIONS

RISK: The Housing Stock Condition Survey specification does not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for identifying and reporting stock condition

There have been some potential anomalies between contractor reporting of service provision and information provided by tenants. We understand that for some properties to which the Contractor advised they were unable to gain access, that residents reported no attempt was made by the contractor. As there was no requirement within the contract to leave a card at no access properties, it is possible that access was attempted without residents being aware.

APPENDIX I - TENANCY FRAUD, WARNING SIGNS & PREVENTION

The following summarises the Regulatory Framework, Tenancy Fraud risks, warning signs and prevention.

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK, FRAUD TYPES, WARNING SIGNS & PREVENTION

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK:

Regulatory Framework for Social Housing in England 2012

• Includes a direction to registered providers that they should 'publish clear and accessible policies which outline their approach to... tackling tenancy fraud'

Prevention of Social Housing Bill

• Creates an offence of subletting a social tenancy or parting with possession of a socially rented property.

TYPES OF TENANCY FRAUD:

- Application / allocation fraud: false statements made or false documents provided to gain a property, or applying for multiple properties
 in different locations through different landlords
- <u>Subletting:</u> tenant rents out all or part of their property on a long or short term basis to someone on private rental rates. Credit checks may identify links with other social housing properties and social media may identify other living arrangements
- <u>Key selling:</u> tenant or employee receives one-off payment to give the keys of a property to someone who is not entitled to live there. Requests for additions to tenancy have been an indicator and residency checks used to identify this issue
- Right to Buy / Right to Acquire Fraud: tenant provides false information when applying to buy the house they live in
- <u>Succession Fraud:</u> person moves into a property when the legal tenant dies or moves away, but that person does not have the right to move in
- Business use: examples of previous indicators included overgrown garden or suspicious pattern of energy use.

TENANCY FRAUD WARNING SIGNS:

- No contact with tenant for period of time
- No repairs raised
- Difficulties gaining access for annual gas servicing
- Households where assignment or succession has been refused
- Credit on rent / significant credit, or rent paid in cash
- Rent paid from account belonging to someone other than the registered tenant
- High arrears on rent
- Antisocial behaviour
- High number of complaints
- Known fraud hotspots.

APPENDIX I - TENANCY FRAUD, WARNING SIGNS & PREVENTION (continued)

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK, FRAUD TYPES, WARNING SIGNS & PREVENTION

FRAUD PREVENTION GENERAL CHECKLIST:

- Policies in bribery, corruption, whistleblowing and a code of ethics, as well as organisational awareness of these
- Fraud risks included in risk register and reviewed regularly. Fraud risks to be considered as part of every new project or activity, and for changes to business processes
- Financial controls for income, purchases, payments, property and investments, as well as monitoring of compliance
- Analyse housing management and financial systems for red flag issues to follow up
- Conduct due diligence on tenants and business partners at start of tenancy and periodically thereafter. Checks with credit reference agencies, other LA's and shared fraud databases
- Vetting procedures for employee appointments and periodic checks in high risk areas (eg finance) or promotions
- Mechanisms for raising concerns / suspicions and promote these widely
- Keep up to date with latest fraud threats, remain vigilant for signs they might be occurring, ensure relevant people told of risks and are trained to deal with them
- Share best practice and lessons.

ADDITIONAL STEPS TO PREVENT / DETECT TENANCY FRAUD:

- Tenancy fraud policy covering subletting, application, succession, key selling, right to buy and right to acquire
 - Where the approach is promoted to tenants, there are much higher numbers of referrals concerning potentially misused properties and even more where there is easy reporting (hotline or online form). Promotion also acts as a deterrent
- Conduct checks on new applicants: applicants complete declarations and sign them, check identity, residency, tenancy history etc
 - Checks can include verifying forms of identification, tenancy history and household circumstances
 - o Can also include credit reference check to verify tenancy history or matching data
 - Staff need training focussed on ID verification and identifying forged documents
 - Obata sharing housing providers share information about tenants with external credit referencing agencies, LA's or other housing providers. These can be used to identify where person has provided inconsistent information (eg claiming single person discount to Council Tax department, but claiming overcrowding to obtain social housing to the Housing department)
- Take colour photographs and the signatures of new tenants and review them during the tenancy
- Tenancy audits on annual, risk based or rolling basis to check the authorised tenant is still living at property. Combine these with other planned visits
- Train frontline staff to spot fake and forged documents and other fraud warning signs throughout the tenancy life cycle.

APPENDIX II - LEARNING FROM OTHERS

The following provides some examples of Housing fraud prevention and detection activity carried out by others.

Organisation	Housing Fraud Detection
Peabody Housing Association	Carry out unannounced estate visits to blitz neighbourhoods where there are concerns and carry out intensive tenancy audits. Staff are high profile and wear high vis vests. The exercises generally result in them receiving a greater number of tip offs to follow up than would have otherwise been received.
Manchester Tenancy Fraud Initiative	18 social housing providers set up a shared hotline and publicity campaign resulting in 76 reports, 7 properties recovered immediately and 35 fraud investigations. Collaboration and data sharing supports detection of fraudulent activity.
Hull City Council	Invites applicants whose housing circumstances require verification to an interview to discuss their housing situation. As part of the interview a clear definition of 'misrepresenting circumstances' is read to the applicant, explaining that if the applicant has failed to disclose information or has made false claims on their application they may be denied access to housing and may have committed an offence. Applicants are given the opportunity to amend their statements and this has led to down grading applications and withdrawal of properties on offer.

APPENDIX III - FRAUDULENT DOCUMENT AWARENESS

Finding 1 comments on document copying and checking procedures. The likelihood of fraudulent documents being detected is enhanced with staff knowledge of the potential for fraud to exist, understanding of genuine documents and awareness of how documents may be forged. This appendix provides a summary of key points to consider in assessing the legitimacy of documents provided as part of the checking process.

The following information reflects guidance provided by the National Document Fraud Unit, UK Home Office: guidance on examining identity documents 2015.

1. DOCUMENT FRAUD TYPES

Document abuse may include the following:

- Imposter this is the most common type of document abuse, the imposter is simply a look-a-like (documents are not altered at all)
- Counterfeit complete reproduction from scratch to resemble an official document

Forgery - unlawful alteration of an existing document (eg substituting pages or photographs, or altering details on the document)
Pseudo / Fantasy documents - documents have no authority and are not officially recognised.

IDENTIFICATION OF DOCUMENT ABUSE

Imposter

Page 34

Verify signature to document.

Forgery

- · Most commonly substituted or altered page is the bio-data page
- Pages and cover of passport should be in complete alignment and tightly bound, pages should be same size
- Look for continuity where seals, stamps or laminates appear across photographs
- Look for damaged paper at data points.

Pseudo / Fantasy documents - see overleaf.

Counterfeit

- UV light counterfeit documents often fluoresce (shine more brightly) under UV light. Genuine documents use dull secure paper
- Watermarks created during manufacture to vary thickness of the paper resulting in subtle changes in tone. Watermarks do not fluoresce
- Security fibres genuine documents may contain fibres randomly across the page which do fluoresce (and will not be in the same position on difference pages)
- Intaglio ink printing in areas results in ink having raised and rough feel, and is often used on the inside cover of passports. May also reveal hidden pattern when viewed at an oblique angle

ABCDEFGHI

JKLMNOPQR STUVWXYZ <

 Characters - characters in the machine readable zone should contain only these characters in this font

• Document quality - document should be manufactured to high standard, and contain quality printing.

APPENDIX III - FRAUDULENT DOCUMENT AWARENESS (Continued)

3. AWARENESS OF TYPES OF DOCUMENTS WHICH MAY LEGITIMATELY BE SUBMITTED

Identity documents include passports (UK, EU and non-EU), national identity cards, residence documents, driving licences, military identity cards and official identity documents (such as police warrant card). By being familiar with the documents that may be submitted, including their endorsements and restrictions, staff are more likely to recognise documents which do not accord with protocols.

The following link provides a summary and illustrations of the types of document which may be submitted

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/503927/gov_uk_guide_-_including_impostors_270216.pdf Home office guidance indicates the most common counterfeits are EU documents

4. WHERE TO GO FOR ADDITIONAL ADVICE

If you encounter a suspected false document, contact the Police or your local Immigration Enforcement Office K Government - guidance for employers https://www.gov.uk/uk-visa-sponsorship-employers.

Bublic Register of Authentic travel and identity 5

ıblic Register of Authentic travel and identity Documents Online (PRADO) for EU documents http://www.consilium.europa.eu/prado/en/prado-startpage.html.

Centre for the Protection of National Infrastructure - Good Practice Guide on Pre-Employment Screening, Document Verification http://www.cpni.gov.uk/documents/publications/2007/2007044-gpg_document_verification_guidance.pdf?epslanguage=en-gb.

5. SUMMARY OF BASIC DOCUMENT CHECKS

- Does the document allow the person to live and work in the UK?
- Is the person the rightful holder of the document or an imposter?
- Is the document genuine or a counterfeit?
- Has the document been unlawfully altered or forged?
- If the document one that exists or a pseudo / fantasy document?

APPENDIX IV - STAFF INTERVIEWED

BDO LLP appreciates the time provided by all the individuals involved in this review and would like to thank them for their assistance and cooperation.

	NAME	JOB TITLE
	Angela Williams	Head of Housing
	Stuart Morris	Interim Housing Manager
	Sharon McBride	Housing Support Team Leader
	Isabelle Hatton	Housing Officer
Ú	Annika Guy	Housing Officer
U U U U U U	Zoe Chittick	Housing Options Officer
<u>ک</u>	Michael Hanson	Housing Officer
	Donald Young	Compliance Manager
	Abi Olowosoyo	Commercial Manager
	Vijay Parmar	Housing IT Consultant
	Ayotunde Odukoya	Leasehold Management Officer
	Phillip Bell	Surveyor

NAME	JOB TITLE
James Cook	Customer Contact Advisor
Georgina Weller	Customer Contact Advisor
Victoria Banerji	Fraud Investigator and HR Officer
Phoebe Barnes	HRA Accountant
Russell Clinker	Senior Asset Manager
Adrian Tidbury	Estate and Valuation Surveyor Portfolio Development

APPENDIX V - DEFINITIONS

LEVEL OF ASSURANCE	DESIGN of internal control framewo	rk	OPERATIONAL EFFECTIVENESS of internal controls			
ASSURANCE	Findings from review	Design Opinion	Findings from review	Effectiveness Opinion		
Substantial	Appropriate procedures and controls in place to mitigate the key risks.	There is a sound system of internal control designed to achieve system objectives.	No, or only minor, exceptions found in testing of the procedures and controls.	The controls that are in place are being consistently applied.		
Moderate	In the main there are appropriate procedures and controls in place to mitigate the key risks reviewed albeit with some that are not fully effective.	Generally a sound system of internal control designed to achieve system objectives with some exceptions.	A small number of exceptions found in testing of the procedures and controls.	Evidence of non compliance with some controls, that may put some of the system objectives at risk.		
Limited	A number of significant gaps identified in the procedures and controls in key areas. Where practical, efforts should be made to address in-year.	System of internal controls is weakened with system objectives at risk of not being achieved.	A number of reoccurring exceptions found in testing of the procedures and controls. Where practical, efforts should be made to address in-year.	Non-compliance with key procedures and controls places the system objectives at risk.		
ZONO V	For all risk areas there are significant gaps in the procedures and controls. Failure to address inyear affects the quality of the organisation's overall internal control framework.	Poor system of internal control.	Due to absence of effective controls and procedures, no reliance can be placed on their operation. Failure to address inyear affects the quality of the organisation's overall internal control framework.	Non compliance and/or compliance with inadequate controls.		

Recommend	commendation Significance							
High	A weakness where there is substantial risk of loss, fraud, impropriety, poor value for money, or failure to achieve organisation objectives. Such risk could lead to an adverse impact on the business. Remedial action must be taken urgently.							
Medium	A weakness in control which, although not fundamental, relates to shortcomings which expose individual business systems to a less immediate level of threatening risk or poor value for money. Such a risk could impact on operational objectives and should be of concern to senior management and requires prompt specific action.							
Low	Areas that individually have no significant impact, but where management would benefit from improved controls and/or have the opportunity to achieve greater effectiveness and/or efficiency.							

BACKGROUND

The Council's Corporate Plan 2016 to 2019 reflects the prioritisation of Housing within the Borough and includes the following vision relating to Housing Management:

We will work to ensure our Housing stock is managed so that it delivers comfortable and safe homes for our tenants that are efficient and sustainable

The following data is from the Housing revenue Account Income & Expenditure Statement 2015/16 and supporting notes:

- £5,329,000 total expenditure of which £2,925,000 was expenditure on repairs and maintenance
- £12,143,000 Income from dwelling rents, and £546,000 from non-dwelling rents
- £287,000 net rent arrears as at 31 March 2016 (includes provision for doubtful debts)

Council Housing stock, as at the 31 March 2016, was:

- 1,159 flats
- 1,320 houses and bungalows
- 7 equity share properties

The Council has recently revised its Housing Strategy (2017-2020) in response to a changing economic climate and an increasing demand for social housing. The strategy recognises the need for community based solutions, working effectively with other housing, social and health care providers, and to use resources efficiently and effectively to address housing needs

Page 3

The purpose of this review is to consider the design and effectiveness of the controls in place around Housing to highlight any areas where the controls might be improved.

SCOPE OF REVIEW

The review will consider the adequacy of arrangements relating to Housing stock (due diligence checks and fraud prevention, debt recovery and health and safety checks), Right to Buy (governance, checks on qualifying criteria, valuations and tenant advice) Housing maintenance contractual arrangements, and Leaseholder Service Charge accounts (apportionment and billing).

EXCLUSIONS

Our work is limited to the elements defined within the scope of the review and key risks. Detailed testing will not be undertaken in all areas.

APPROACH

Our approach will be to conduct interviews to establish the controls in operation for each area of audit work. We will then seek documentary evidence that these controls are designed as described. We will evaluate these controls to identify whether they adequately address the risks. Any opportunities identified to improve arrangements will be offered for consideration alongside recommendations to resolve any weakness in controls.

KEY RISKS



Based upon the risk assessment undertaken during the development of the internal audit operational plan, through discussions with management, and our collective audit knowledge and understanding, the key risks associated with the area under review are:

General arrangements for Housing Stock:

- Due diligence checks are not made on tenants prior to the commencement of the tenancy (covering identity, residency and tenancy history)
- · Due diligence checks are not undertaken periodically during the tenancy, including tenancy audits
- Front line staff are not trained to identify fake or forged documents, or fraud warning signs, or they do not refer potential fraud for investigation
- Debt collection and recovery procedures are inadequate to ensure that delays in receipt of rent payments and loss of income is minimised
- Health and safety checks, such as gas compliance, electrical safety and fire safety, are not carried out as required, or
 evidence of checks is not maintained.

Arrangements for Right to Buy:

- Governance arrangements, including authorisation routes and clarity of procedures and processes for dealing with Right to Buy applications, are inadequate
- Tenancy audits, including checks on identity, residency and tenancy history / qualifying period, are not carried out on applicants to ensure the applicant qualifies for Right to Buy
- Property valuations are not carried out by a qualified property surveyors, who have an understanding of tenancy fraud risks, prior to the Right to Buy being agreed
- Tenants are not provided with advice on their responsibilities and risks associated with home ownership, prior to the completion of a Right to Buy application

Housing Maintenance and other contracts:

- The Housing Stock Condition Survey specification does not adequately define the scope of works and arrangements for identifying and reporting stock condition
- Housing Maintenance contracts do not adequately define scope of works and arrangements for agreement of planned and reactive maintenance work to be carried out
- Maintenance works are not subject to adequate approval processes to undertake the works, and to sign off completion of the works

Leaseholder Service Charge Accounts

- Tenancy agreements do not define the protocols for apportionment and billing of Leaseholder service charges to tenants
- Tenants are not billed for leaseholder service charges in accordance with approved protocols

DOCUMENTATION REQUEST



Please provide the following documents in advance of our review (where possible):

Housing Stock:

- · Procedures relating to tenancy due diligence checks made prior to commencement of the tenancy and during the tenancy
- Details of staff training and / or guidance provided on fake document identification and action to take
- Debt collection and recovery procedures
- · Aged debt report for housing rents
- · Procedures for housing health and safety checks
- · Records of housing health and safety checks planned and made, and actions arising from those checks

Right to Buy:

- Details of governance arrangements, authorisations, and procedures and processes for dealing with Right To Buy applications
- · Protocols followed for determining eligibility for Right to Buy
- Protocols followed for determining property valuations
- · Advice provided to tenants on property ownership

Housing Maintenance Contract:

- The Housing Maintenance contracts including schedules of works
- Details of jobs raised in respect of the contract (planned and reactive)
- · Protocols followed for authorising commencement of works and sign off for completion of works
- Example records of property maintenance history

Leaseholder Service Charge Accounts

• Approved protocols for the apportionment of leaseholder service charges

Any documents provided will assist the timely completion of our fieldwork, however we may need to request further documentation and evidence as we progress through the review process.

TIMETABLE

Audit StageDateCommence fieldwork3 March 2017Number of audit days planned20Planned date for closing meetingw/c 17 April 2017Planned date for issue of the draft reportw/c 1 May 2017Planned date for receipt of management responsesw/c 15 May 2017Planned date for issue of proposed final reportw/c 22 May 2017Planned Audit Committee date for presentation of reportTBA

KEY CONTACTS

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Andrew Barnes Audit Manager		t: 01473 320 745 e: andrew.barnes@bdo.co.uk		
Angela Mitchell	Senior Auditor	t: 01473 320 748 e: angela.mitchell@bdo.co.uk		
Brentwood Borough Counc	il			
Angela Williams	Head of Housing	t: 01277 312 568 e: angela.williams@brentwood.gov.uk		
Stuart Morris	Interim Housing Manager	t: e: stuart.morris@brentwood.gov.uk		

SIGN OFF

On behalf of BDO LLP:		On behalf of Brentwo	ood Borough Council:		
Signature:		Signature:			
Title:	HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT	Title:			
Date:		Date:			

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www bdo co uk

4 December 2017

Community, Health and Housing Committee

Brentwood Community Fund

Report of: Kim Anderson, Partnership, Leisure and Funding Manager

Wards Affected: All wards

This report is: Public

1. Executive Summary

1.1 The Brentwood Community Fund was set up to give Brentwood's communities the opportunity to provide local initiatives to improve the quality of life for local people living in the borough. The Community Fund of £16,300 is currently allocated within an existing 2017/18 budget, and grants of up £2,000 are available for applicants. The funding was open from 3 April until 29 September 2017. A summary of the applications and the officers scoring sheet is attached in Appendix B.

2. Recommendation

2.1 That Members agree to fund those projects highlighted in green as outlined in Appendix B out of the Community Fund.

3. Introduction and Background

- 3.1 The Brentwood Community Fund has been set up to give Brentwood's communities the opportunity to promote local initiatives to improve the quality of life of people living in the local area. The fund has £16,300 allocated for localism projects. Grants of up to £2,000 are available. The funding was open to applications from 3 April until 29 September 2017 and the recommendations are now being considered before members.
- 3.2 The criteria that applicants need to meet for applications for the Brentwood Community Fund were provided in the information and guidance notes which were available to applicants and are attached in Appendix A of this report. This also includes the scoring matrix (Appendix C) that officers have used to score each of the applications.

- 3.3 The total number of applications to the Community Fund was 24, requesting a total of £42,993.
- 3.4 A summary spreadsheet of officer recommendations and a copy of all of the application forms have been available to all Members, in each of the member rooms and Members have had the opportunity to provide comments on the applications to the Chair of Community, Health and Leisure Committee prior to the meeting.

4. Issue, Options and Analysis of Options

4.1 The criteria and expected outcomes have been simplified in order to encourage applications and to broaden the accessibility of funding as set out in Appendix A of this report.

5. Reasons for Recommendation

- 5.1 Each application has been subject to a robust, independent and transparent scoring process to ensure fairness in the allocation of funding (Appendix C).

 Once received the applications were scored by a panel of officers looking at the following key priorities:
 - Evidence that the bid meets the criteria, the Council's priorities and expected outcomes
 - Evidence that the community has been involved in the development and implementation of the project
 - Evidence that the bid supports the promotion of volunteering and community participation
 - Evidence that the applicant has sought additional external funding or in-kind value (such as the use of volunteers) for the project
 - Evidence that the project is sustainable once the Council's contribution has ceased.
- 5.2 Once the applications were individually scored they were ranked by their score. The recommendations by officers of the projects that met the key priorities and the amount of funding that is recommended is attached in Appendix B of this report.
- 5.3 Those applications marked green are recommended to receive funding.
- 5.4 Notifications will be made to all those applicants that applied. Successful applicants will also have to agree to any terms stipulated within the conditions

- of the grant being awarded. Successful applicants will also need to complete a self-monitoring report once their project has been completed.
- 5.5 Any unsuccessful applicants to the Community Fund will be offered the following support: Face to face meeting with the Partnership, Leisure and Funding Manager to review their prospective application; offered a funding training session via Brentwood Council for Voluntary Services which includes tips on submitting a good funding application. Members will also be encouraged to assist in this process; Organisations will also be signposted to the Open 4 Community on the Council's website to look at other sources of external funding to support their project if applicable.

6. Consultation

- 6.1 Consultation has been undertaken with previous applicants and as a result we have revised and simplified the application process and simplified the application form and supporting guidance notes. It was recognised that some organisations or individuals may have had difficulty understanding some terminology in respect of completing the funding application, and the requirements for information and match funding should be proportionate to amount of money being awarded.
- 6.2 Part of the monitoring form that is sent out to all successful candidates, also asks the organisation about the whole process and areas than can improved.

7. References to Corporate Plan

7.1 The Community Fund supports a number of priorities and sub priorities within the Corporate Plan. The criteria and expected outcomes from the Community Fund applications are outlined in Appendix A.

8. Implications

Financial Implications
Name & Title: Jacqueline Van Mellaerts, Finance Services
Manager/Deputy 151 Officer
Tel & Email 01277 312829 / jacquelinevanmellaerts@brentwood.gov.uk

8.1 The Community Fund of £16,300 is currently allocated within an existing budget.

Legal Implications

Name & Title: Daniel Toohey, Head of Legal Services and Monitoring

Officer

Tel & Email: 01277 312860/daniel.toohey@brentwood.gov.uk

8.2 The attached documentation and guidance will assist funding applicants, and the Council in taking fair and equitable decisions in relation to the allocation of available funding. All relevant permissions and licences need to be supplied as part of the applicant's paperwork.

Other Implications (where significant) – i.e. Health and Safety, Asset Management, Equality and Diversity, Risk Management, Section 17 – Crime & Disorder, Sustainability, ICT.

- 8.3 Asset The granting of any funding is dependent on permissions being granted by the owner of the asset.
- 8.4 Equality and Diversity Implications The Community Fund will support voluntary and community organisations that best support the Brentwood Community regardless of age, disability, gender, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion and sexual orientation.

9. Appendices to this report

Appendix A – Information and guidance notes for the Community Fund

Appendix B – Officer Recommendations for funding

Appendix C – Scoring matrix

Report Author Contact Details:

Name: Kim Anderson Telephone: 01277 312634

E-mail: kim.anderson@brentwood.gov.uk



Information and Guidance Notes - April 2017

What is the Brentwood Community Fund?

The Brentwood Community Fund has been set up to give Brentwood's Communities the opportunity to promote local



initiatives to improve the quality of life for local people living in the Borough. The fund has £16,300 available in total in the current financial year, and grants of up to £2,000 are available for applicants.

The Brentwood Community Fund will open for applications on Monday 3rd April 2017 and will close on Friday 29th September 2017.

Bids will be assessed and reported to the Community Health and Leisure Committee in Autumn 2017, when a decision on the allocation of funding will be made. Applicants should continue to check www.brentwood.gov.uk/funding to ascertain when a date for this committee has been set.

Who can Apply?

The Council is inviting bids from individuals, groups and organisations for a share of the cash on offer for local causes and projects that will support and improve the quality of life for local people and tackle the issues that they think are important. All applications must benefit Brentwood's communities. Projects must be delivered in the Borough and take place between 1st January 2018 and 31st December 2018.

Bids may be submitted by individuals or community and voluntary organisations, residents' / tenants' associations etc. Groups do not need to be formally constituted, but if that is the case, the Council will request invoices to be submitted to it directly and will settle these.

Funding should be for new projects. Previous applicants may apply if they are proposing a new project, however, priority will be given to those who have not received any previous funding from the Brentwood Community Fund or the Localism Share Fund if applicable.

How much can I apply for?

The maximum amount that can be applied for is £2,000. There is no minimum amount. We would expect to see some form of match funding or inkind support for all applications. However, applicants should remember that inkind support includes volunteers' time in both coordinating

and delivering the project. Volunteer time inkind can be can estimated at £10 per hour per person (as an average)

How to Apply

The application form

You can apply for funding using the Brentwood Community Fund application form, which is linked on the Brentwood Borough Council website www.brentwood.gov.uk/funding.

Please read these information and guidance notes thoroughly before completing the application form and ensure that you return the application form together with any attachments and supporting documents (see checklist) to localism@brentwood.gov.uk by 29th September 2017 at the latest to ensure that your application is considered. For any advice, support, guidance or any queries relating to the completion of the form please contact localism@brentwood.gov.uk or telephone Community Services on 01277 312500.

Please ensure that all fields on the application form are fully completed. If any questions are not applicable, please write 'N/A' in the answer box.

What will be funded?

Projects will only be funded if they are firmly and directly aligned with the community based priorities in the Council's Vision for Brentwood 2016-2019, a copy of which can be found on the Council's website www.brentwood.gov.uk. In particular we are looking at schemes which will deliver wider community benefits, rather than benefits to individual clubs or organisations and that will also deliver on the following priorities, actions and outcomes:

The Council would expect to see links to the following criterion and that some of the following outcomes will be delivered from the applicants projects:

Criterion Expected outcomes

Environment and Housing Management

- Projects which enable communities to take a more active role in delivering a cleaner and safer environment
- Projects which encourage residents to work together with the Council to take responsibility for the environment and improve the cleanliness of our streets.
- Projects which improve leisure facilities for residents and visitors.

Community and Health

- Projects which encourage thriving and engaged communities.
- Projects which make Brentwood a Borough where people feel safe, healthy and supported.
- Projects which encourage community engagement in developing improved and accessible health services.
- Projects which increase residents' and businesses' engagement with the local community.

Increase in community

involvement in delivering a

cleaner and safer environment.

- Improved leisure facilities.
- Increase in the number of volunteers and volunteering opportunities.
- Increase in the number of community initiatives and projects.
- Improvement of local community run services.
- Increased awareness of and access to local health services.
- Increase awareness of and support for the voluntary sector.
- Improved community cohesion and community engagement.

- Projects which support our most vulnerable residents to feel safe.
- Projects which reduce antisocial behaviour and ensure that Brentwood is a safe place to live.

Economic Development

Projects that support community skills development.

- Reduction in anti- social behaviour.
- Increased confidence that Brentwood is a safe borough.
- Reduction in social isolation.
- An increase in local community skills base.

What will we not fund?

- Retrospective bids, i.e. Where work has already commenced (prior to agreement of any funding allocation).
- Future running costs these are one off grants only.
- Repeat funding for the same project.
- Employee costs or routine administration.
- Political activities.
- Exclusively religious activities (although faith groups may receive funding for community development or self-help activities. In this case the application must show that the project will bring wider community benefit and that the primary purpose of the activity is not religious).
- Statutory activities/ requirements, i.e. where funding it no longer available or has ceased from another provider.
- Hospitality and catering.
- Funding for projects outside the Borough of Brentwood.
- Funding for lobbying or campaigning.

Please note the Council will not be responsible for any ongoing costs incurred by the project, e.g. maintenance of equipment.

How we will assess your application?

Each application will be scored against the criteria set out in the scoring matrix which is available to download from www.brentwood.gov.uk/funding. You should review your application before submitting it to ensure that you have fully answered all of the questions. For example if your application scores 80% against the criteria then it will be recommended to receive 80% of the money it requested.

<u>Application Form - Questions Explained</u>

Question 1 – Please provide a brief description of the project.

Please tell us details of your project, what it is, why you need the money (for all or part of the project) who it involves etc. We would not expect to see bids for one off capital expenditure except there are no ongoing revenue costs.

Question 2 – How does your project meet one or more of the criteria, and how will it deliver the expected outcomes?

Please look at the criterion and expected outcomes as outlined in the table previously and tell us how your project will meet one or more of these.

Question 3 – Explain how the community has been involved in the development and the implementation of the project. This can include the promotion of volunteering for example.

- Please include evidence of community involvement with supporting documents that show us how you identified a need for this project and who in your community supports it.
- The community should be engaged in identifying schemes to be put forward and particularly schemes which generate community involvement, engagement and ownership.
- There should demonstrable community support for initiatives being put forward.
- Schemes should promote volunteering and community participation.

Question 4 – Budget

- Expenditure Please give us a breakdown of what you expect your project costs to be, for example venue hire, equipment, in kind costs such as volunteer costs (this can estimated at £10 per hour per person as an average) or marketing materials etc.
- <u>Income</u> Please list any income you may be receiving. This includes additional external
 funding, in kind funding such as volunteer contribution (this can estimated at £10 per
 hour per person as an average), donated time or materials, and any of your own fund
 raising.
- <u>Inkind</u> amounts in the expenditure column and the income column should match.
- Please tell us if these amounts are confirmed or unconfirmed.
- Brentwood Community Fund amount Please tell us how much money you are requesting from the Brentwood Community Fund and ensure this matches with the amount you have written on the front page of the application form. The maximum amount you can apply for is £2,000.
- VAT please include your VAT registration number if relevant.

Question 5 – Sustainability

Please tell us if there will be any future running costs incurred from your project and if so, how you will fund this in the future.

Please note, the Council will not be responsible for any ongoing costs incurred by your project i.e. maintenance of equipment.

Question 6 - Bank Details

Please provide your account name, sort code and account number, so that payments can be made should your application be successful. If you are new group and no bank account has been set up for your project/organisation please contact localism@brentwood.gov.uk or telephone 01277 312634 for advice and guidance.

Permissions and Licenses

For all bids received, it is the applicant's responsibility to ensure that all required permissions, licenses and insurances are in place prior to beginning your project and that adequate health, safety, safeguarding protocols and risk assessments are in place if necessary. Please include a copy of any relevant documents to support your application.

Checklist

When completing the application form please ensure that you include all relevant documents to

support your application.

- Relevant permissions/consent.
- Confirmation of any additional external secured funding.
- Your organisation's governing document (Constitution, Memorandum and Articles of Association, Trust Deed etc).
- Evidence of community involvement.
- Safeguarding policy (if working with young people and vulnerable adults).
- Risk assessments and insurance if required.
- Cost estimates or price quotations.
- Letters of support or other supporting information.
- Fully completed application form!

Question 7 – Declaration

Please read through your application form carefully and sign and date it. An electronic signature is acceptable.

When will a decision be made on funding?

Applications will be assessed by a panel of Council officers and elected Members.

Recommendations will be reported to the relevant Community, Health and Leisure Committee in Autumn 2017. Notifications will be sent to all applicants to inform them whether they have been successful or not following this meeting.

Monitoring

Successful applicants will be asked to return a signed Terms and Conditions form and complete a monitoring form once their project has been completed.

We also ask that successful projects use the Brentwood Borough Council logo on marketing materials relating to their funded project.



Brentwood Community Fund 2017 - Recommendations

	Recommended for Funding				
	Did not score highly enough to be awarded funding				
	Did not meet the minimum criteria for funding				
Applicant Number	Applicant /Project	Amount Requested	Score against criteria	Recommended funding	Supporting notes
10	1st Warley Scout Group - The funding will contribute towards the fitting out of a new meeting room with tables and chairs which will be used by Beaver, Cubs, Scout and Explorer units and community groups	£2,000	94	£1,880	The applicant clearly demonstrates the links between the project and the expected outcomes and details how all of the projects activities contribute towards them. The applicants are heavily involved in the community and fundraising at community events. The application clearly demonstrates how volunteering and community participation is integral to the project. The application demonstrates reasonable evidence of the sustainability of the project once the Council's contribution has ceased. The Brentwood Community Fund 2015 previously funded 1st Warley Scouts £2268 providing contribution towards Craft, Sporting and Camping equipment.
15	Hutton Community Centre - The funding will contribute towards the upgrade of the kitchen facilities at Hutton Community Centre so that the provision can be extended to provide more lunches to a greater number of families.	£1,800	93	£1,674	The application clearly demonstrates the links between the Council's priorities and expected outcomes and details how the project activities contribute to them. Hutton Community Centre has a broader group of partner organisations that have been involved in both the development and the implementation of the project. The application clearly demonstrates how volunteering and community participation is integral to the project. The application clearly evidences that the additional funding has been sought and been confirmed to deliver the project. Once the project is completed then this will be sustainable through the normal running costs of Hutton Community Centre and through some income to attend.
14	Doddinghurst Road Community Church - The funding will support the extension of the MenShed project from its current shed allowing for a wider and more extensive use by the community as a whole	£2,000	91	£1,820	The application shows good links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes. The application clearly shows how the community has been involved in both the development and the implementation of the project. The application shows good volunteering links. The application show good external funding via Church contributions. The project will be sustainable through ongoing Church supports.
24	Brentwood Leisure Trust - The funding will contribute to the Friday Night Takeover project at the Brentwood Centre. It is proposed to extend the existing pilot for another 6 months to embed the project which is aimed at 12-16 year olds in receipt of Pupil Premium	£2,000	91	£1,820	There are strong links to the project and the Council's prioties and expected outcomes. There has been collaboration with local businesses and sports clubs to support the project. There is some evidence of volunteering set out in the application form. There is strong evidence of confirmed external funding to support the project. The mayor costs of venue and staff to support the project will be offset by income through entrance fees and other future external funding bids once the contribution from the Council has ceased.
	Brighter Opportunities through Supported Play (BOSP) - The funding will support a new Out and About Club for children and Young People with disabilities and life-limiting illnesses during 2018.	£2,000	90	£1,800	The applicant clearly demonstrates the links between the project and the expected outcomes and details how all of the projects activities contribute towards them. Views of service users were involved in the development of the project. There is no direct reference regarding volunteering that is indicated in the budget breakdown of in kind support. The sustainability is set out with the succession planning from BOSP.
12	Open Arts - The funding will contribute towards a 12 week art course for people with mental health difficulties and to carers who would like to engage with the wider community through the creative arts within a group setting	£2,000	85	£1,700	The application clearly demonstrates the links between the project and the expected outcomes and details how all of the project activities contribute towards them. Consultation with existing service users identified the need in the development of new evidence based activities to support those with Mental Health difficulties. Volunteer time is indicated within the application form. The project is only sustainable with further funding once the Council's contribution has ceased. The Brentwood Community Fund 2015 contributed £2,450 towards the Open Arts Brazilian Percussion Project.

Page 54	18	Brentwood Imperial Youth Band - The funding will contribute to the Brentwood Tattoo event for 2018.	£2,000	82	£1,640	There are good links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes. The wider community have been involved as part of the evaluation and feedback from the last Brentwood Tattoo. The last Tattoo involved more than 50 volunteeers and other bands not charging any appearance fees. Apart from some external funding the main income to support the event will be income from ticket sales for the event. Once the project has been completed it will not be sustainable without future funding once the Council funding has ceased. The Brentwood Share Fund allocated £5,000 to Royal British Legion Youth Band towards the 2012 Tattoo. Brentwood Imperial Youth Band is technically a new organisation therefore we are able to fund.
	3	Christian Friends of Israel - The funding will support venue hire for the Holocaust Memorial Day exhibitions and Meeting of Commemoration	£2,000	77	£1,540	The applicant show some links between the project and the Council's priorities and expected outcomes especially around community cohesion. The applicant clearly deomstrates how the wider community has been involved especially the local schools and prospective venues for the exhibition. The applicant clearly demonstrates how volunteering and community participation is integral to the project. The applicant has sought some additional funding to support the project, however there is no evidence how the project can be sustainable once the Council's contribution has ceased. Due to the Town Hall development new venues have needed to be sought.
	5	1st Ingrave Scout Group - The Scout Group is based at Thriftwood International Scout Camp and the funding will support improved lighting around the scout hut during the winter months for various scout groups using the facilities.	£1,880	73	£1,372	The applicant makes some good links between the projects and the Council's priorities expected outcomes and details how the project activities will contribute towards them. The applicant demonstrates how the wider community have also been involved, especially local schools and businesses to improve the scout facilities. The application shows reasonable evidence of how some aspects of the project will promote volunteering and community participation. Whilst the total project has sought external funding there is no direct external funding contribution to this particular part of the project improvements. Once the project is completed then income from the use of the scout hut will support any ongoing running costs. The Brentwood Community Fund 2015 Contributed £3325 towards extension to the scout hut.
		Mavericks Rugby Club - Contribution to the renovation of a disused astro pitch to support an enhanced new sporting facility.	£2,000	71	£1,054	The applicant shows some links between the project and the Council's priorities and expected outcomes especially around improvement to leisure facilities. The applicant demonstrates how the local community has been involved in the development of the project. There is some evidence that some external funding has been sought and that once the project has been completed the club have indicated that they will maintain the site. As this equates to 52 % of funding requested, Officers will check with the applicant whether the project is still viable.
-					£16,300	There are some links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes, but it does mention
	20	Beautiful Things - The funding will contribute towards the 'Crochet Creates Communities' project to enage with those who are socially isoilated and/or those with a long term illness.	£1,350	69	£931	supporting those that are socially isolated. There has been a co-design with potential service users with Mental Heralth and physical health problems via telephone, face to face and on-line forums in the development of the project. There is mention of volunteering in the budget breakdown. There is in kind support indicated in the budget breakdown but no other external funding for the project. Once the course is completed then attendees have the opportunity to self-fund further lerarning to make it more sustainable.
	8	Navestock Parish Council - Contribution to the refurbishment of the play area in particular repainting equipment, removal and installation of a new fence and the cutting back of trees and hedges.	£2,000	66	£1,320	The applicant makes good links between the Council's priorities and expected outcomes especially around the improvement to leisure facilities. There is evidence in the application that the wider community has been involved especially the local scout group. There is evidence in the application that additional funding has been sought although this is not confirmed. There is reasonable evidence that once the works have been completed it will be sustainable with support from the local scout group. Brentwood Community Fund contribute £1,100 towards the Sports Field project.

Page 55	1	1st Doddinghurst Scout Group - The funding will contribute to the expansion and replacement of the existing kitchen within the scout hut.	£2,000	63	£1,260	The applicants makes good links between the projects and the Council's priorities expected outcomes and details how the project activities will contribute towards them. The applicant clearly demonstrated how the community have been involved in both the development and implementation of the project. The applicant clearly demonstrates how volunteering and community participation is integral to the project. The applicant clearly shows that additional funding or in kind support has been sought for the project. The applicant clearly demonstrates clear and robust evidence of the sustainability of the project once the Council's contribution has ceased.
		Hutton Community Centre Youth Club - The funding will contribute to equipment as part of the establishement of a youth club at Hutton Community Centre.	£2,000	61	£1,220	There are good links between the project and the Councils priorities and expected outcomes. The wider community have been involved in the development and the implementation of the project through engagement at Hutton Community Centre. The project will be volunteer led and with continued fundraising and other funding bids the project will be sustainable moving forward.
	11	3rd Brentwood Scout Group - The funding will contribute towards new folding tables and chairs for the extended scout hut	£2,000	59	£1,180	There applicant demonstrates some tenuous links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes. The applicant clearly demonstrates how the community have been involved in both the development and implementation of the project. The Scout Group leaders are all volunteers and have sought additional external funding through community events and through local business support. Any ongoing costs will be funded through the Scout Group through continued fundraising efforts. The Brentwood Community Fund 2015 contributed £1,321 towards extension to the scout hut.
	22	SheRunsBrentwood - The funding will contribute to	£2,000	58	£1,160	The are good links to the Council's priorities an expected outcomes especially under the Community and Health and getting more people active. The 'This Girl Can' campaign has gathered insight into what is needed in the area and has be delivered successfully in Chelmsford and Southend. There is some confirmed external funding for the promotion of the project. Once completed there will be a charge of £2 per session which will guarantee sutainability.
	4	Brentwood Trampoline - The funding will contribute towards new mats	£2,000	55	£1,100	The applicant shows some links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes, although there are links to the Community and Health priorities about accessible facilities. While the application does not indicate how the wider community has been involved the Club provides pay as you go sessions for the wider community. The applicant shows reasonable evidence of how some aspects of the project will promote volunteering and community participation.
	21	Brentwood Fairtrade Campaign Group - The funding will contribute towads new 'Fairtrade' Ruugby which will be donated to local Brentwood Rugby Clubs to promote the Fairtrade message	£500	48	£O	There are no direct links to the Council's priorities although the Council has signed up to support the Faitrde initiative and Brentwood has achieved Fairtrade Town Status. The projects links in with local businesses and schools that support the project. The group is totally volunteer led. There is in kind support set out in their budget, but additional external funding. Once the project has been completed it will not be sustainable without future external funding.
	2	West Horndon Parish Council - Christmas Event 2018	£250	44	£0	The applicant shows some tenuous links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes. The applicant demonstrates how they will involve the community in the development and delivery of the project but not how they have been involved to date. There are no direct links to volunteering in the application, although community participation is key to the project. There is some evidence that match funding has been sought for the project but this is unconfirmed. There is no evidence that the project can be sustained without further funding once the Council's contribution has ceased.

	13	Hutton Community Centre 50+ Social Club - The funding will contribute towards a 10 week course of gentle exercise for memberts of the Hutton Community Centre 50+ Social Club	£1,320	40	£0	The application shows tenuous links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes. There does not appear to be any evidence of wider community involvement in the development of the project. The application shows reasonable evidence that volunteering supports not only this project but the wider activities at Hutton Community Centre. There will be some income generated by the attendance fees but without future funding it will not be sustainable once Council funding has ceased.
	17	Havering and Brentwood Bereavement Service - The funding will support volunteer development and team building	£1,968	33	£0	There is no evidence in the application form that the project supports the Council's priorities and epected outcomes. There is no evidence of wider community involvement in the development or implementation of the project. There is evidence in the application form that the project supports volunteer development and support. There is no evidence that the project will be sustinable apart from future grant applications and fundraising initiatives.
	7	Brentwood Council for Voluntary Services -The funding will be used to contribute to the 'Fit for Funding' project which supports voluntary and community sector organisations to fit when they apply for funding specifially contributing towards new website and Community Funding Fair.	£1,875	42	£0	The applicant makes good links between the project and the Council's priorities and expected outcomes especially in ensuring that Brentwood has a thriving voluntary and community sector. The applicants demonstrates that they have involved the wider community in the development of the project. The Council currently funds Brentwood Council for Voluntary Services through the Council's Commissioning Prospectus.
Page 56	1h	Brentwood Children's Literary Festival 2018 - The funding will contribute to the 2018 Children's Literary Festival	£2,000	50	£O	The application shows no real links to the Council's Corporate Priorites and expected outcomes apart from increasing the footfall to the town. There is indication in the application that the wider community has been involved with the use of venues and schools involvement. The application does show that aspects of the project support volunteering and community participation. There is evidence in the application that some external funding through sponsorship has been achieved and income through ticket sales. There is no evidence that the project can be sustainable without future funding once Brentwood Borough Council funding has ceased. Repeat funding, Brentwood Community Fund contributed £780 to the 2017 Children's Literary Festival
ה ה	19	Lighthouse Furniture Project - The funding will contribute towards seed funding towards the 'Essential Furniture Fund' that provides interest free loans to the most vulnerable to enable them to purchase items of essential furniture.	£2,000	42	£0	There are good links to the Council's priorities and expected outcomes especially supporting those that are most vulnerable. The organisation works with a number of referral agencies and the Council Housing Needs department and local Children's Centre have been involved in the development of the project. The project will be sustainable subject those in receipt of funding paying it back. This project requires more clarity around the financial operating model to be considered at this moment.
		TOTAL FUNDING REQUESTED	£42,943			

Note: Total amount of funding for 2017/18 is £16,300. Those projectrs recommended for approval are in green and totals £16,300. Those projects highlighted in orange and blue will be given feedback and directed to other funding sreams that might be able to support them.

organisations not be able to proceed with their project due to the reduced amount of funding allocated and decide to withdraw from the fund, then the next project down by score in (orange) will be awarded the funding.

Scoring matrix for Brentwood Community Fund 2017

Each Brentwood Community Fund application will be scored against the following key criteria:

	Criteria/score	0%	Up to 33%	Up to 66%	Up to 100%	Total weighting
1	The application demonstrates how the project meets the criteria and supports the Council's priorities and expected outcomes (see table in guidance notes).	The application shows no evidence of how the project meets the criteria, supports the Council's priorities and will deliver the expected outcome(s).	tenuous links between the project, the	The application demonstrates some good links between the project, the Council's priorities and the expected outcome(s), and details how some of the project activities will achieve them	The application clearly demonstrates the links between the project and the expected outcome(s), and details how all of the project activities contribute to them.	40%
2	The application demonstrates how the community has been involved in the development and the implementation of the project. For example - The community should be engaged in identifying schemes to be put forward.	The application shows no evidence that the community has been involved in the development and the implementation of the project.	The application shows a small amount of evidence that the community has been involved in the development and the implementation of the project.	The application shows reasonable evidence that the community has been involved in the development and the implementation of the project.	The application clearly demonstrates how the community have been involved in both the development and the implementation of the project.	20%
3	The application demonstrates the promotion of volunteering and community participation in its delivery.	The application shows no evidence of how the project will promote volunteering and community participation.	The application shows a small amount of evidence of how the project will promote volunteering and community participation.	The application shows reasonable evidence of how some aspects of the project will promote volunteering and community participation.	The application clearly demonstrates how volunteering and community participation is integral to the project.	20%
4	The application demonstrates that the applicant has sought additional external funding or in kind value for the project - such as the use of volunteer time or donated materials/equipment.	The application shows no evidence that the applicant has sought additional external funding or in kind value for the project.	The application shows a small amount of evidence that the applicant has sought additional external funding or in kind value for the project.	The application shows reasonal evidence that the applicant has sought additional external funding or in kind value for the project.	The application clearly evidences how the applicant has sought additional external funding or in kind value for the project.	10%
5	The application demonstrates how the project will be sustainable once the Council's contribution has ceased.	The application shows no evidence of how the project will be sustainable once the Council's contribution has ceased.	The application shows a small amount of evidence of how the project will be sustainable once the Council's contribution has ceased.	The application demonstrates reasonable evidence of the sustainability of the project once the Council's contribution has ceased.	The application demonstrates clear and robust evidence of the sustainability of the project once the Council's contribution has ceased.	10%
	TOTAL					100%

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